

Year 13 Music



What have students at St. Crispin's been taught to understand and be able to do?

Core Knowledge

In addition to revisiting elements of core knowledge from previous Key Stages, the year 12 & 13 AQA A-Level programme of study covers the following via compulsory elements (AOS1: Western Classical Tradition 1650-1910), as well as further knowledge through exploration of further AOS (2 from a possible 6 options determined year on year with a 'best fit' approach for the cohort):

Musical context

Cultural and historical understanding of musical styles studied during the year, with particular reference to appropriate musical works which 'typify' the genre.

Dynamics & Articulation

Marcato

Staccatissimo

Piu, poco, sempre

Dynamic & articulation notation as appropriate to the programme of study.

Rhythm, Tempo & Metre

Motor-rhythm

Polymetre

Metrical grouping

Piu mosso, meno mosso, l'istesso tempo Rhythmic notation, tempo markings and metrical notation as appropriate to the programme of study.

Structure & Form

Arch form

Rounded binary

Ritornello and episode

Introduction and coda

Recitative and aria

Phrase structure

Structural notation as appropriate to the programme of study.

Core Skills

Development in core skills is very much a continuation of work from the previous year and/or Key Stage:

Instrumental performance skills

Performance skills focus on refining aspects of technical and musical control relevant to the context of the music, choice of instrument and individual performance standard

Aural and appraisal skills (Understanding Music)

Demonstrating in-depth knowledge and understanding of musical elements, musical contexts and musical language in response to both familiar study pieces and unfamiliar music within specified areas of study

Compositional skills

Applying theoretical knowledge through creation, and appropriate manipulation, of musical ideas and musical elements in combination in response to compositional briefs (teacher-defined throughout Year 12; exam-board specific throughout Year 13); composing music that is 'musically convincing'

General musicianship

Developing musical awareness through a range of ensemble performance opportunities (vocal and/or instrumental) Making judgements with regard to the characteristics of musical styles appropriate to new areas of study Responding appropriately to musical notation relevant to the programme of study.



Year 13 Music continued



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Melody

Triadic

Compound intervals

Phrase length: Equal, unequal and balanced

Ornamentation: Appoggiatura

Passing notes: Accented, unaccented, chromatic Chromatic auxiliary notes

Note of anticipation

Echappée note

Portamento

Melodic devices: Sequence, motif,

fragmentation, repetition,

intervallic augmentation, diminution Melodic notation as appropriate to the programme of study.

Instrumentation & Timbre/Sonority

Standard vocal forces
Instrumental techniques
(col legno, sul ponticello, sul tasto, double stopping, tremolo, etc.)
Sotto voce, vibrato
Una corda, pedalling
Instrumental notation as appropriate to the programme of study.

Texture

Contrapuntal, imitative, fugal Trio sonata texture Polarised

Descant

Textural notation as appropriate to the programme of study.

Harmony & Tonality

Diatonic harmony: Primary and secondary triads, dominant 7th, chords in inversion Chromatic harmony: Secondary dominants, substitution chords, Neapolitan 6th, augmented 6th (Italian, German, French) Cadences: Phrygian, tierce de Picardie.



Year 13 Music continued



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Harmony & Tonality

Circle of 5ths progression; harmonic sequence

Pedal notes: Tonic, dominant, inverted, inner

Suspensions, preparation and

resolution

Cadential 6/4

All key signatures

Modulation to tonic minor and tertiary keys

Enharmonic relationships

Tonal and harmonic notation as appropriate to the programme of study.

How has learning been assessed?

Continuous application of formative assessment.

Students have opportunities throughout the year to share their work in class time (and other contexts), often as a summative culmination of a unit of work.

Application of summative measures used in the wider context of musical learning (formative use of summative assessment) throughout the POS, for example, classroom assessments; mock exams.

Final summative assessment at the end of the Key Stage in the three separate disciplines: Appraising Music NEA (component 1; AO3 & AO4) – an exam paper taken at the end of Year 13.

Performance NEA (component 2; AO1) – Performance recordings (either solo or as a member of an ensemble) are completed during a 'coursework window' in Year 13 and submitted for assessment.

Composition NEA (component 3; AO2) – 2 compositions (one to a brief; one free choice) are completed during year 13 and submitted for assessment.

What is coming up in the following year?

This is a respected A-Level course which prepares students well for university. It may lead to a career as a performer, composer, recording musician, conductor, instrumental/classroom teacher or music therapist.